





We are informed that as Rev. Mr. Brenton's prospects wane, he becomes, what the Times would term more "arrogant and blustery ring." Some of his late speeches consisted almost entirely of slang and abuse against his competitors.

very respectfully, [Q in a Corner.  
 "Q" is a little too hard. The question  
 asks us entirely. It may possibly be that  
 the whig party is becoming "progressive,"  
 and that what was good whig doctrine when

the part of wisdom on their part, to adopt the course contemplated. They should meet with the encouragement of every good citizen. It is only by such means that the two races can be separated, a consummation contributing greatly to the well being, of the community.—*Diana Jour.*

wealthy gentlemen are associating together for the purpose of obtaining the American patent of the Fire Annihilator, and that an agent will soon be authorised to proceed to London to open negotiations, and to pay any price not exceeding a million of dollars.

TERMS.—On fourth of the purchase money) hand, the balance in twenty-five years, the  
purchase, paying interest annually in advance.  
to commence at one o'clock, P. M.  
S. H. WUNDERLICH, Auditor W. C.  
C. W. HUGHES, Treasurer W. C.  
June 28th, 1851. [\$3 80.] 8w52

of Fancy Goods, including Beragen, Silk  
tissues, Silks, Black Fringes, a beautiful assort-  
ment of MOURNING ARTICLES, &c.  
June 28, 1851.

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Oil Printing neatly executed on the shortest  
notice at the SENTINEL OFFICE.

**The Stock of Highly Trained Horses,**  
uncomparably superior to those of any other establishment  
in America, having been broken and trained by the most re-  
spected professor either in Europe or America. 365.





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For CONGRESS—10th District,  
**JAMES W. BORDEN,**  
OF ALLEN COUNTY.  
**Allen County Democratic Ticket.**  
For Representative,  
**ISAAC D. G. NELSON.**  
Clerk,  
**JOSEPH SINCLEAR.**  
Recorder,  
**EDWARD F. COLERICK.**  
Co. Commissioner—2d District,  
**PETER PARKER.**  
Prosecuting Attorney—19th Judicial Circuit,  
**JAMES L. WARDEN.**

**The Fort Wayne Sentinel.**

SATURDAY, JULY 5, 1851.

Tax Fourteen was not collected in this place, except by the German citizens, of whom a large procession, including a goodly array of ladies, was formed at nine o'clock, and after proceeding round the city, went to Ewing's Grove, where the exercises of the day were performed.

At New Haven, in Adams Township, they had a real old-fashioned celebration, which was attended by quite a number of citizens of Fort Wayne. The assemblage was large, and graced by the presence of a number of the fair sex. The enthusiasm and patriotism of the New Haveners was unbounded, and every thing was done in the best and most spirited manner.

A large procession of ladies and gentlemen was formed, and marched to a pleasant shady grove where the Declaration was read by W. W. Carson, Esq. of Fort Wayne; after which E. F. Colerick, Esq. delivered an appropriate patriotic address. The company were then marshalled to a long table, under a leafy canopy of boughs and green bushes, which literally bent beneath the weight of the viands furnished gratis by the liberality of the citizens of the place. A number of patriotic toasts and sentiments were given, and the company dispersed highly gratified with the manner in which they had spent the day.

We will publish the toasts in our next.

Farm.—The Fair of the ladies of the Berry Street Methodist Church yesterday, realized \$273. It is to be appropriated towards building a residence for the minister. A quantity of gold articles will be offered at auction to-day by which the proceeds will probably be increased to \$300 or upwards.

Mr. Borden, finding his presence that Judge Borden was afraid of him would not answer any longer, as the people had become aware of its falseness, has at length consented to withdraw the remainder of the district in company with him. A list of the joint appointments will be found in another column.

The Times is mistaken or misinformed in saying that the joint appointments proposed by Judge Borden would interfere with those already made by his Rev. competitor. Mr. Borden's appointments only extended to the 5th of July, and Mr. Borden proposed that the joint appointments should commence on the 7th. It would be better to acknowledge the fact that Mr. Borden did seek to escape speaking in company with his competitor at once, and not seek to evade it by such subtleties. Truth will out.

THOMAS WASBURN of Whitley has been nominated as Democratic candidate for Senator from Whitley, Kosciusko, and Noble. Mr. Washburn is a thorough democrat and a popular man; and we hope may be elected. Kosciusko has been rather a dark and neglected county, but we hope it is now strong enough to elect a Democrat.

ANOTHER CIRCUS.—We shall have another circus—Spaulding, Rogers, and Van Orsdel—here on Monday the 14th inst. This company is said to be a first rate one, and includes several female equestrians of acknowledged celebrity, who cannot fail to draw a large audience.

Children in Luck, Ohio.—We learn by the Lima Argus that great excitement and alarm exists at that place in consequence of the sudden deaths, supposed by cholera, of Mr. E. S. Linn, his wife, and an infant daughter; also, Mr. Walmsley, a young man who had attended on Mr. Linn.

Our citizens should be careful in their diet, and have all impurities, filth, stagnant water, &c. promptly removed from their premises. Prevention is better than cure.

This number complements the 11th volume of the Sentinel. We merely allude to the fact, to give our subscribers a hint that it is a very suitable time for them to be squaring up their accounts and commencing anew—duty which some of them have neglected for years, and others have never made any attempt at performing since they first subscribed—if the act of taking a paper without paying for it can be called subscribing.

We shall wait a week or two, and see what effect this article may have on the consciences of the delinquents. If they do not show some signs of reform and repentance, we shall strike off the names of some of the most hardened sinners, and either send their accounts to an officer for collection, or publish them in the paper—perhaps both.

The beginning of the new volume will be a good time to commence subscriptions. Under the new postage law, papers will now be carried in the mails free of postage in any office in the country, and for 5 cents per quarter to any office out of the country, and within 50 miles of Fort Wayne, so that the present is a very favorable time to subscribe. We shall have now on our books for a number of new subscribers, to fill the places of the reprobaters we intend striking off, and would be obliged to some of our friends who exert themselves little and induce their neighbors to subscribe. The circulation and usefulness of the Sentinel might be greatly extended by their means.

We are informed that Mr. Borden's prospects have, he becomes, what the Times would term "arrogant and bloated." Some of his late speeches consisted almost entirely of slang and abuse against his competitor—Red sign.

Will Mr. Borden Resign?—The Times they were "outs" has become an "absolute" instead of answering our inquiry whether Mr. Borden intends resigning his office as Register of the U. S. Land office at this place, inquires whether Mr. Borden intends resigning his office. To this we have already replied that we do not know, but think that he ought to, and if he takes the advice of his friends he will. This way of answering the question whether Mr. Borden will resign, by inquiring if Judge Borden will be a mere evasion. So much has been said by whigs about the impropriety of United States Office-holders interfering with elections, that the public would like to know whether Mr. Borden will resign; or if not, have some explanation how it happens that the Rev. gentleman is to be made an exception to the whig rule, and not only allowed to interfere with elections, but actually to be the whig candidate for Congress.

Will the Times inform us, without further evasion, whether Mr. Borden will resign; and if not, will it state the grounds on which he is to be exempted from the operation of the whig doctrine that U. S. officers have no right to interfere in elections.

The Injunction Case.—The application to remove the injunction restraining the counties of Warrick and Crawford, Ohio, from subscribing stock to the Ohio and Indiana Railroad, was not decided at the late term of the court in these counties. It was referred to the Court in Bank which sits in December next.

This delay will not, it is expected, materially retard the construction of this great work. The line will probably be put under contract this summer, except in the two counties referred to; and should the decision of the court be adverse to the constitutional right of those counties to take stock, it is understood there will be no difficulty in getting the amount of stock taken by individuals. The work is bound to be completed without delay. The sooner the better, say we.

Transportation on Railroad.—The agent of the New York and Erie Railroad has made arrangements to transport goods from New York to Cincinnati, via Dunkirk, in five days, at One Dollar to One Dollar and sixty cents per 100 lbs. The distance by this route must be at least 1000 miles. When our railroad is completed goods can be transported on it from New York to this place as low or lower than the present charges by the canal and lake. The distance will not exceed 750 miles.

Fort Wayne and St. Mary's Sings.—Messrs. Doyle & Huskinson have commenced running a tri-weekly Stage between Fort Wayne and St. Mary's, meeting the packet at the latter place, and thus saving one day in the time now occupied in going from Fort Wayne to Cincinnati.

Mr. Doyle is well known as an enterprising, energetic man, and will doubtless make the new line worthy the patronage of the traveling community. It will be a great accommodation, and deserves to be liberally patronized.

Withdrawal of Mr. Dubois.—By the earl of this gentleman it will be seen that he has declined being a candidate for Congress in this district. Rev. Mr. Borden has therefore now got a clear run, and we hope the democrats will show him that there is no use in a whig seeking to misrepresent this district in Congress, even though he may be acted in priestly habiliments.

We have not learned what means were used to crowd Gold Dubois off the track; however, we are glad he has withdrawn, as there was not the slightest possibility of his being elected, and his running might have served to smother away the mortification of the overwhelming defeat which awaits Borden, by enabling his friends to attribute it to a division in the whig ranks. Now they will have nothing attribute to but the unpopularity of their candidate or of the doctrine he advocates.

Mayor Township.—A correspondent of the Times says that Orange Township, Noble Co., will cast its vote unanimously against the new Constitution; and he recommends that the voters of that township be presented with "an appropriate banner." A leather medal would be the most appropriate thing that could be presented to them.

Mr. Editor:—You will please to withdraw my name as a candidate for Congress in this district. My name was announced at the solicitation of many friends, not wishing to Green myself upon the people or any of them of this district, contrary to their feelings or desires, but always ready and willing to abide their decision in such matters. I have found, so far as my observation extended, that the issue was party and spoils between the two great gentlemen now in the field. I therefore, in enable them to show to the people the talents of which they so long have had imaginary possession, respectfully retire from the contest. I shall ever be grateful to those who placed my name in so honorable a position, and hope to have the pleasure of serving them at some future time.

Mr. Editor:—I wish you would explain how it is that a whig Register of the Land Office is allowed by the whig party to be its candidate for Congress in this district. I remember to have heard a good deal, a few years ago, about efforts being made by the whig party in Congress to prevent office holders interfering in any way in elections, and if I am not mistaken Mr. Clay once introduced a bill into the Senate to secure that object, and the whigs were unanimous in their approval of the measure. Now I should like to know why, if this was now whig doctrine a few years ago, it is not whig doctrine now. Will you have the goodness, Mr. Editor, to explain this matter; or, if it should be a little too much for you, will you be kind enough to pass it along to the editor of the Times;—he has a great reputation for explaining inconsistencies in whig doctrines, and having had much occasion for exercising himself in that task, is supposed to have become very expert at it. Hoping that either me or him of you will throw some light on this dark subject. I remain yours, very respectfully, J. M. GARDNER.

Q.—A little too hard. The question beats us entirely. It may possibly be that the whig party is becoming "progressive," and that what was once whig doctrine when they were "outs" has become an "absolute" now they are "ins." There is a great difference we all know between being a whig and an office-seeker. Still we think that there has been so great, so radical a change in that important part of the whig platform—that main pillar in the structure, which relates to the "spoils," the friends of the Rev. gentleman should have noticed the public, or to explain away the apparent inconsistency of an U. S. office holder being a whig candidate for Congress. We refer to the "unconditional repeal of the Fugitive Slave law." If this is true, we hope the fact will be made known to Mr. Stewart, the Secretary of the Interior, who we have no doubt would unhesitatingly displace him. No such "higher law" theory should be either countenanced by the Government or trusted by the people. We are to have a severe conflict during the coming session of Congress between the friends of the Union and the advocates of secession or secession. To defeat the latter, we must unconditionally stand upon our rights as citizens, and not be elected to Congress, or retained in any office under the Government, of either honor, profit or trust.—Louisville Courier.

CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES.  
1st District—Leonard J. DeBruin, Whig; James Lockhart, Democrat.  
2d District—Roger Martin, Whig; Cyrus L. Dunham, Dem.  
3d District—John Watts, Whig; J. L. Robinson, Dem.  
4th District—Samuel W. Parker, Whig; Wm. Daily, Democrat; Geo. W. Julian, Free Soil.  
5th District—Thomas A. Hendricks, Dem.  
6th District—R. R. Foster, Whig; Wm. A. Gorman, Democrat; Geo. N. Carr, Independent Democrat.  
7th District—Edward W. McLaughlin, Whig; Ezra Reid, Dem.  
8th District—Daniel Mace, Democrat.  
9th District—Schuyler Galois, Whig; George N. Chick, Dem.  
10th District—Samuel Benton, Whig; James M. Borden, Democrat.

Not nominated in Convention.  
Later from Texas.—The N. O. Picayune of the 17th, has advice from Galveston to the effect that the Texas revolutionaries are suffering for want of arms. The Galveston Courier states that Mr. McDougal, charged with stealing several thousand dollars from Mr. Tate, at San Antonio, has been made to convict himself of the theft and disgorge the money, by a stratagem—rather a delicate one—of the sheriff. It was agreed between the sheriff and the prisoner that the latter should receive one thousand dollars of the stolen money, as a consideration for aiding the thief to escape. The prisoner was to receive the remainder, and the sheriff was to provide him with a fleet horse and arms; he was released from the jail and proceeded to the place of deposit, in company with the sheriff, and the money was disbursed. The thief was then re-arrested, and unless he finds some other means of escape, will doubtless go to the State Prison for life. The Western Texas Journal the property of the sheriff's course in the matter.

Two carpenters, one named Wolf, were murdered at Rio Grande City, on the night of the 22d ult., by blows inflicted on the head with a hammer, while sleeping in a small house built by them. No traces of the perpetrators of this horrible deed have as yet been discovered.

From Oregon.—Oregon papers have been received up to the 10th of May. The accounts from the gold mines on the Klamath all agree that the mines will yield a fair equivalent to the mine. Some beautiful specimens had been discovered, weighing from five dollars to one or two dollars.

There were an abundance of ripe strawberries at Portland on the 26th of May. The newly discovered coal region is said to be inexhaustible, and coals can be delivered on the banks of the Columbia river at less than ten dollars per ton.

The Western Argus says that the last steamer brought with a number of passengers from the States. Mr. Preston, Surveyor General for Oregon, and family, and Mr. Nelson, Chief Judge of Oregon, are among the number. Also, five female teachers.

William Kendall convicted of murder, was executed at Salem on the 16th of April, and a large concourse of spectators.

ADDITION TO THE CAPTIVITY.—The Loyola of the Corner-Street.—The following authentic announcement appears in the National Intelligencer, of yesterday morning: "We understand that the corner stone of the addition to the Capitol, authorized by the act of Congress, will be laid by the President of the United States, on the 28th of July next, in the presence of such officers of the Government as may then be in the city, and of all citizens who may see fit to assemble to witness the ceremony; and that an address on that occasion will be delivered by the Secretary of State."

The Way Railroad is Built.—Portland, Maine, contains about twenty thousand inhabitants. A railway from the Atlantic to the River St. Lawrence was projected, about two hundred and seventy-five miles long. The portion of the road lying in the United States, one hundred and fifty miles, was to be completed by money to be raised at Portland. Individual stock at the rate of \$10,000,000 of stock at the beginning, which was promptly and expended. This was not sufficient to complete the road to paying point. The city obtained authority to loan its credit to the company, at several times, to the amount of \$1,500,000. This credit was sold in the shape of bonds. An additional \$1,500,000 was required to complete the road as far within the United States. This sum was raised by the sale of the bonds of the company. The Road has progressed with wonderful rapidity, the credit of the city and of the company has been kept up above par, and yet the business of the city so far from being crippled, it has increased beyond all former example. These things work, down East, and so they have worked in the West whenever tried.—Can Gaz.

Important Message.—The colored people of this State have called a State convention, to be held in this city on the first day of August, for the purpose of organizing a general convention to Liberator's cause. Among this class of one with the colored people, and they are determined to seek new homes, in a country where they will be regarded as equals in every relation of life. They know that this can never be the case here, and it is the part of wisdom on your part, to adopt the course of emigration. They should meet with the encouragement of every good citizen. It is only by such means that the race can be separated, a consummation contributing greatly to the well being of the community.—Indiana Jour.

THE NEXT CONGRESS.  
Eighteen States have elected 146 members of them the Democrats have 78, the Whigs 65, and the Free-soilers 32. There are thirteen States yet to elect. These States were represented in last Congress by Democrats, 37; Whigs and one Free-soiler (38 total). Should they do so, well in the coming contest, the democratic majority over whigs and free-soilers will be 33, but it is not very probable that we shall do quite as well; but at all events, we may calculate on twenty-five majority.—Should the Presidential election devolve on the House of Representatives, the Democrats will already elected their members, the Democrats have a majority in Maine, New Jersey, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Ohio and Delaware, &c. The Whigs have a majority in Massachusetts, Vermont, Florida, Michigan and Missouri, &c. New York, New Hampshire and Rhode Island are equally divided. Of the thirteen States yet to elect, the Democrats will conquer, namely, Georgia, Alabama, Arkansas, Indiana and Texas, which will make 15 States. Of the others, the Democrats have the best chance to carry a majority in Maryland, Louisiana and Tennessee. The Whigs probably carry a majority in North Carolina and Kentucky, and California will most probably be divided. In the contest between the Union and Southern rights parties, are left out of the calculation. It is however, most probable that a majority of the Representatives that may be elected from these States, will act with the Democratic party.

By this it will be seen that the Democrats will have a majority over all opposition combined in the next House. They will in all probability have the majority of the States, which will secure the election of the Democratic candidate to the Presidency, should the duty of election, unfortunately fall upon the House. But there is no prospect that the Whigs can have a majority either in the House of Representatives, or a majority of the States, unless a complete revolution is effected in the States, yet to elect which is not very probable.—State Sentinel.

Morison Outrage.—The latest reported piece of rascality perpetrated by J. J. Strang and his gang, occurred at 40 miles from Beaver Island, on the 19th April. Mr. Strang and his gang, for which he paid in bogus half dollars. When the cheat was discovered, the Sheriff, with a posse, started in pursuit of Strang, and his gang, who, when overtaken, turned and took deliberate aim at their pursuers with firearms, and drove them back.

THE EARTHQUAKE SHOCK AT SAN FRANCISCO.  
A correspondent of the New York Sun, writing at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of the 15th, says: "About half-past 8 o'clock this morning, our city was startled by the shock of an earthquake. Men issued from the shaking houses upon the streets in consternation. Hands were without meat or money, almost without clothes. The boarders of Jones's Hotel and the Oriental were at breakfast, and so violent was the shock, that they rushed from the table into the street, overturning everything in their way."

The wharves trembled like aspen leaves, and the frame buildings aligned whither some eight or ten inches. The brick building were so violently shaken as to induce the belief that they would fall to the ground. The shock lasted but one instant, but that was long enough to cause the most exciting alarm. The effect seemed to be from south-west to north-east, and was sensibly felt at a distance of two or three miles.

Strange Affair.—Two weeks ago we noticed the case of a supposed suicide by a man found suspended to the limb of a tree, a few miles over the river, near St. Mary's. The inquest at the time gave a verdict of self murder. Among some of the witnesses on the spot, was a poor pantomime which, on being watched since, were found to have holes, through which water resembling marks of a bullet. This circumstance with others created suspicion that all was not right. Two days ago the neighbors to the number of one hundred and fifty assembled, and had the body disinterred, when on examination by Dr. Hogue, of the city, it was found to be a man in a shirt, still on the body, corresponding with those in the pantomime, leaving no doubt by any one present, that the deceased had been murdered, and then suspended to a tree, in order to do away suspicion of any foul deed. The body was too much decayed to show any marks of a bullet. The teeth were also broken in a manner which indicated a blow on the face.

Dr. Hogue on further examination found a handkerchief tied round the body under the shirt, which contained a Lead Warrent with a receipt from D. S. Danforth for the purchase money. The Warrent is assigned by D. S. Danforth to Rufus Reeves. It is now ascertained that a young of that name, recently from the city, had been seen on the spot, near Terre Haute; left his work on the 26th of May, and was seen with this very same Lead Warrent, in order to locate his lands some where in Illinois. It is said he had a difficulty with some persons in Terre Haute as he passed through, and the supposition now is that he was murdered, and then suspended to a tree, in order to create the belief of suicide, and to do away the suspicion of foul play on other hands. The matter was undergo further examination.—Wabash Courier.

Great Tanker Meeting.—The general conference of the Tankers is now in session near New Hope, Augusta county, Va. The Standard Oil Company, of Cleveland, Ohio, is the largest assemblage of people ever drawn together in this part of the country. Various estimates of the number present were made by the Standard Oil Company, ranging from five to ten thousand. The Standard Oil Company were from ten to fifteen acres of horses, in the woods. There seemed to be one or more horses tied to every tree, as far as the eye could penetrate the dark forest, contiguous to the church.

This General Conference is the highest Judiciary known to the Tanker church, and is the highest of its kind in the world. This is the first time it has been held in Virginia for a number of years.

The Tankers, as a class, constitute a portion of our very best citizens. They are industrious, thrifty, honest, frugal and kind hearted in the extreme.

SHARP BUSINESS TRANSACTION.—Penal Code.—A few days since, a lady having engaged appearance of respectable gentility about her person, stepped into Stewart's fashionable dry goods store in Broadway, New York, and purchased a shawl, priced at \$400, and presented a \$1,000 bill on the Bank of America to the clerk. Upon the clerk inquiring of the lady whether she had the money, she replied that she had, and she accordingly presented the bill. The change was accordingly given her, and she took the purchased shawl and had proceeded as far as the door, when she stepped back and remarked that she thought she had better not take it until she had consulted her husband. She returned the shawl and the change she had received, and left the store. The clerk returned the shawl and the change she had received, and left the store. The clerk returned the shawl and the change she had received, and left the store.

Notice.—By virtue of an association to be dissolved, I will offer for sale at the Court House door in the city of Fort Wayne, Indiana, on the 23rd day of August, 1851, at one o'clock, P. M., the rents and profits for seven years of the following premises, viz: That part of lot No. 57, on the original plan of the town of Fort Wayne, described as follows: Beginning at a point on the north line of lot No. 12, twenty feet east of the north-west corner of said lot, and thence east parallel with the north line of said lot, for a distance of 100 feet, and thence south parallel with the east line of said lot, for a distance of 100 feet, and thence west parallel with the north line of said lot, for a distance of 100 feet, and thence north parallel with the west line of said lot, for a distance of 100 feet, and thence east parallel with the north line of said lot, for a distance of 100 feet, and thence south parallel with the east line of said lot, for a distance of 100 feet, and thence west parallel with the north line of said lot, for a distance of 100 feet, and thence north parallel with the west line of said lot, for a distance of 100 feet, and thence east parallel with the 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**RE. H. TOWERS**

Port Wayne and the city authorities generally, that he acquired a valuable stock in his home three-story brick building on Cedar street, west of E. Second street, Austin town where he found all kinds of

**Cabinet Furniture**

use in use, which he will sell as cheap as can be bought anywhere else. He has not been here long enough to have made up his mind that such a large expenditure in his kind of work would pay him, and by doing so at all may have been but a small loss.

The result is in the hands most approved of the

[illegible]

to almost any other office of the same kind. It will  
be in no expense extra money with no loss  
found. Please give this ad to your friends  
and relatives.

For Wayne, Aug. 25th 1870. 114.

**PIANO FORTES.**

THE subscriber is agent for the sale of G.  
L. Hart's celebrated fac-simile Piano For-  
tissimo and Organ. A few of them are now on  
hand, and others will be ordered to suit the re-  
quirements of customers. T. P. ANDERSON.  
Oct. 1, 1870 114.

**Paper at Wholesale.**

5000 Reams of good letter paper, plain  
and ruled—superfine. C. L. HOL-  
COMB.

**HAIR BRUSHES, &c.**

VERY large stock of very fine hair brush-  
es, Shaving brushes, Hair Brushes, Comb  
Brushes, Cigar Cases, Pocket Monies. These  
are all of the best quality. Just received, and for sale  
at low prices.

[illegible]

**S. H. SUOAF, & CO.**  
**HEWIST & DRUGGIST.**  
 (CORNER THE OLD FELLOWS' HALL.)  
 CALIFORN STREET, FIRST WAYNE.  
*Drugs, Medicines, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Hair Dressing,  
 Cosmetics, &c., &c., Wholesale & Retail.*  
**GERMAN BIBLES and Testaments;**  
 French du  
**HUEPIS & STORILET.**

**For 30,000 Bushels of Wheat,**  
 7¢ I will pay Cash and the highest market  
 price for 30,000 bushels Wheat—on our  
 terms—delivered at our Warehouse, or  
 between hands.  
**JOSEPH COMPARET, HARBELL & Co**

**BABCOCK & CO.,**  
**WHOLESALE GROCERS**  
 AND  
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**  
 NOS. 11 & 13 WATER STREET,  
 NEW YORK CITY.

Large and general assortment **GROCERIES**  
 kept constantly on hand.  
 Liberal advances made on Consignments of  
**PRODUCE.** J. BABCOCK.

1000 Lbs. Wool Wanted  
AT THE  
**FORT WAYNE**  
**Woolen Manufactory**  
GRISWELL & WOLKE, cotton merchants,  
call on the public for the several purchases they  
received, and especially inform them of the  
new mode of grading adopted by the Machine,  
the newest and best kind, now having  
and skillful workmen from the east, and  
prepared to take any quantity of raw wool  
and make up into  
**Yarns, Cassimeres, Sattinets,  
Flannels, Blankets, &c.**  
We are good and better, than any other  
establishment in the west. Wool will be  
taken on hand in pay for goods. The  
most liberal terms.

**YARDS OF WOOLEN GOODS**  
they offer for sale or in exchange for kind  
most liberal terms.

**WOOL CARBING.**  
We have in addition to our usual manufac-

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